

What prior knowledge should students have?

- Pupils have explored how to bowl underarm
- Pupils have explored who to catch a ball
- Pupils has explored how to hold a racket and have begun to balance object on them.

What skills will students learn? (Disciplinary Knowledge)

- To use the correct technique to throw a ball with accuracy to a fellow fielder of bowler.
- To use the correct technique to throw a ball towards and intended target
- To understand the correct technique to catch a moving ball with two hands.
- To develop the correct batting technique when holding a cricket bat.
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What key knowledge will be taught? (Substantive Knowledge)

- Children will understand that fielders help to stop the other team from scoring runs.
- To know and demonstrate the correct technique to throw, catch bowl and bat within the game of cricket.
- To understand that cricket is played with a batting side and a fielding side.
- To understand when an overarm or underarm throw should be used when fielding.
- To know the basic terms of batsman, fielder and bowler.

Key Vocabulary
Definition

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Fielding	The act if stopping and controlling the ball bowled by the other team
Rolling	Throwing the ball along the ground with a smooth motion
Stopping	Catching and controlling the ball with your hands
Wicket	The set of three stumps with two bails balanced on top/ the bowler aims to knock the bail off the stumps.
Bowler	The player who throw the cricket ball
Batter	The player who hits the cricket ball with the bat

Gripping a cricket bat correctly.

- For a right-hander the left hand should be at the top of the handle - vice versa for a left-hander.
- Check both hands are close together on the bat, towards the top of the handle.
- Form a "V" by pointing your thumb and forefinger down between outside edge and centre of back of bat.
- The top hand rests comfortably on the inside of the front thigh (left thigh for a right hander).

